# Spotlights ...

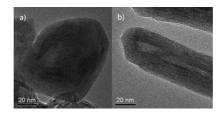
#### **Inorganic Fullerenes**

F. L. Deepak, R. Popovitz-Biro, Y. Feldman, H. Cohen, A. Enyashin, G. Seifert, R. Tenne\*

Fullerene-like  $Mo(W)_{1-x}Re_xS_2$ Nanoparticles

Chem. Asian J.

DOI: 10.1002/asia.200800083



**Less is more**: Inorganic fullerene-like (IF)  $Mo(W)_{1-x}Re_xS_2$  nanoparticles, which contain up to 5% Re doping in the  $MoS_2$  host lattice, can be prepared by a gasphase reaction with the respective metal halides and  $H_2S$ . Interestingly, Re-doped  $MoS_2$  nanotubes are also produced.

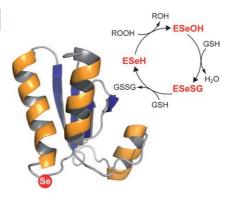
## Selenoenzymes

G. Casi, G. Roelfes, D. Hilvert\*

Selenoglutaredoxin as a Glutathione Peroxidase Mimic

**ChemBioChem** 

DOI: 10.1002/cbic.200700745



Total synthesis and characterization of selenoglutaredoxin: A glutaredoxin variant that contains an active-site selenocysteine was prepared by native chemical ligation. The artificial selenoenzyme is a surprisingly poor peroxidase, but it efficiently catalyzes the reduction of mixed glutathionyl disulfides.

#### Anionic Electrolytes

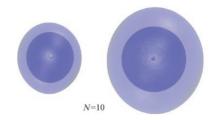
E. Coccia, F. Marinetti, E. Bodo, F. A. Gianturco\*

Chemical Solutions in a Quantum Solvent: Anionic Electrolytes in <sup>4</sup>He Nanodroplets

**ChemPhysChem** 

DOI: 10.1002/cphc.200800132

**Bubble, bubble...**: Variational and diffusion Monte Carlo calculations are presented for anionic electrolytes of the form  $X^-(He)_N$  solvated in  ${}^4He$ . The solvent adatoms surrounding the anions have liquid-like quantum features. The halogen anions remain solvated within bubbles empty of solvent of species-dependent size. See figure for 3D representations of the He density around  $F^-$  (left) and  $I^-$  (right).



#### Rational Design

F.-Q. Ji, C.-W. Niu, C.-N. Chen, Q. Chen, G.-F. Yang,\* Z. Xi,\* C.-G. Zhan\*

Computational Design and Discovery of Conformationally Flexible Inhibitors of Acetohydroxyacid Synthase to Overcome Drug Resistance Associated with the W586L Mutation

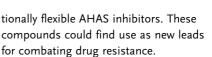
Chem Med Chem

DOI: 10.1002/cmdc.200800103



**Rational design**: A series of 2-aroxyl-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-c]pyrimidine derivatives were computationally designed (see scheme) and synthesized as conforma-







## ... on our Sister Journals



Bi- or polydentate ligands based on heterocycles can be easily prepared via palladium-catalysed C-H bond activation of heteroaromatics followed by heteroaryl

ation using heteroaryl bromides. A variety of heteroaromatics such as furans, thiophenes thiazoles or oxazole derivatives have been employed.

#### Homogeneous Catalysis

- F. Derridj, A. L. Gottumukkala,
- S. Djebbar, H. Doucet\*

Palladium-Catalysed Direct C-H Activation/Arylation of Heteroaromatics: An Environmentally Attractive Access to Bi- or Polydentate Ligands

Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.

DOI: 10.1002/ejic.200800143

A novel by-product-catalyzed three-component synthesis of amine derivatives from readily available benzylic and allylic alcohols, acyl chlorides (chloroformates or sulfonyl chlorides), and hexamethyldi-

silazane (HMDS) has been developed. By-product TMSCl and its decomposition into HCl are responsible for promoting the three-component reaction.

## **Multicomponent Reactions**

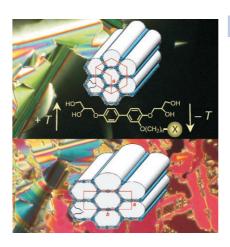
H.-H. Li, D.-J. Dong, S.-K. Tian\*

Three-Component Synthesis of Amine Derivatives Using Benzylic and Allylic Alcohols as N-Alkylating Agents in the Absence of External Catalysts and Additives

Eur. J. Org. Chem.

DOI: 10.1002/ejoc.200800465

Ordered fluids: Complex fluid superstructures were obtained through selfassembly of polyphilic molecules. A variety of different polygonal cylinder structures was observed, which were replaced by lamellar phases and a noncylinder hexagonal columnar phase as either molecular structure or temperature was changed (see graphic).



### **Liquid Crystals**

M. Prehm, C. Enders, M. Y. Anzahaee,

B. Glettner, U. Baumeister,

C. Tschierske\*

Distinct Columnar and Lamellar Liquid Crystalline Phases Formed by New Bolaamphiphiles with Linear and Branched Lateral Hydrocarbon Chains

Chem. Eur. J.

DOI: 10.1002/chem.200800141



#### Breaking down is usually hard to do...

The direct conversion of lignin into alkanes and methanol was carried out in a two-step process (hydogenolysis and hydrogenation) involving initial treatment of white birch wood sawdust with H<sub>2</sub> in dioxane/water/phosphoric acid using Rh/C as the catalyst. The resulting monomers and dimers obtained by selective C-O hydrogenolysis were then hydrogenated in near-critical water employing Pd/C as the catalyst.

## Lignin Degradation

N. Yan, C. Zhao, P. J. Dyson, C. Wang, L.-t. Liu, Y. Kou\*

Selective Degradation of Wood Lignin over Noble-Metal Catalysts in a Two-Step **Process** 

ChemSusChem

DOI: 10.1002/cssc.200800080

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